Calendar No. 395

112TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. CON. RES. 44

Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2013 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2014 through 2022.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 8, 2012

Mr. Lee (for himself, Mr. Paul, and Mr. Demint) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Budget; committee discharged pursuant to Section 300 of the Congressional Budget Act; placed on the calendar

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2013 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2014 through 2022.

- 1 Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives
- 2 concurring),
- 3 SECTION 1. CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET
- 4 FOR FISCAL YEAR 2013.
- 5 (a) Declaration.—Congress declares that this reso-
- 6 lution is the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal

- 1 year 2013 and that this resolution sets forth the appro-
- 2 priate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2014 through 2022.
- 3 (b) Table of Contents for
- 4 this concurrent resolution is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2013.

TITLE I—RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

- Sec. 101. Recommended levels and amounts.
- Sec. 102. Social Security.
- Sec. 103. Major functional categories.

TITLE II—RESERVE FUNDS

- Sec. 201. Deficit-reduction reserve fund for the sale of unused or vacant federal properties.
- Sec. 202. Deficit-reduction reserve fund for selling excess federal land.
- Sec. 203. Deficit-reduction reserve fund for the repeal of davis-bacon prevailing wage laws.
- Sec. 204. Deficit-reduction reserve fund for the reduction of purchasing and maintaining federal vehicles.
- Sec. 205. Deficit-reduction reserve fund for the sale of financial assets purchased through the troubled asset relief program.
- Sec. 206. Reserve fund for the repeal of the 2010 health care laws.

TITLE III—BUDGET PROCESS

Subtitle A—Budget Enforcement

- Sec. 301. Discretionary spending limits for fiscal years 2013 through 2022, program integrity initiatives, and other adjustments.
- Sec. 302. Point of order against advance appropriations.
- Sec. 303. Emergency legislation.
- Sec. 304. Adjustments for the extension of certain current policies.

Subtitle B—Other Provisions

- Sec. 311. Oversight of government performance.
- Sec. 312. Application and effect of changes in allocations and aggregates.
- Sec. 313. Adjustments to reflect changes in concepts and definitions.

TITLE IV—RECONCILIATION

Sec. 401. Reconciliation in the Senate.

TITLE V—CONGRESSIONAL POLICY CHANGES

- Sec. 501. Policy statement on social security.
- Sec. 502. Policy statement on medicare.
- Sec. 503. Policy statement on medicaid.
- Sec. 504. Policy statement on tax reform.
- Sec. 505. Policy statement on government asset sales.
- Sec. 506. Policy on repealing Obamacare.

TITLE VI—SENSE OF CONGRESS

Sec. 601. Regulatory reform.

Sec. 602. Rescind unspent or unobligated balances after 36 months.

1 TITLE I—RECOMMENDED

2 LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

2	LEVELS AND AMOUNTS		
3	SEC. 101. RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS.		
4	The following budgetary levels are appropriate for		
5	each of fiscal years 2013 through 2022:		
6	(1) FEDERAL REVENUES.—For purposes of the		
7	enforcement of this resolution:		
8	(A) The recommended levels of Federal		
9	revenues are as follows:		
10	Fiscal year 2013: \$1,961,929,000,000.		
11	Fiscal year 2014: \$2,144,992,000,000.		
12	Fiscal year 2015: \$2,376,945,000,000.		
13	Fiscal year 2016: \$2,558,632,000,000.		
14	Fiscal year 2017: \$2,715,114,000,000.		
15	Fiscal year 2018: \$2,846,304,000,000.		
16	Fiscal year 2019: \$2,984,528,000,000.		
17	Fiscal year 2020: \$3,135,231,000,000.		
18	Fiscal year 2021: \$3,292,091,000,000.		
19	Fiscal year 2022: \$3,453,764,000,000.		
20	(B) The amounts by which the aggregate		
21	levels of Federal revenues should be changed		
22	are as follows:		
23	Fiscal year 2013: \$308,529,000,000.		

- 1 Fiscal year 2014: \$409,619,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2015: \$441,979,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2016: \$460,171,000,000.
- 4 Fiscal year 2017: \$483,239,000,000.
- 5 Fiscal year 2018: \$511,287,000,000.
- 6 Fiscal year 2019: \$541,052,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2020: \$579,382,000,000.
- 8 Fiscal year 2021: \$621,407,000,000.
- 9 Fiscal year 2022: \$667,810,000,000.
- 10 (2) New Budget Authority.—For purposes
- of the enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate
- levels of total new budget authority are as follows:
- 13 Fiscal year 2013: \$3,269,496,000,000.
- 14 Fiscal year 2014: \$3,224,788,000,000.
- 15 Fiscal year 2015: \$3,346,856,000,000.
- 16 Fiscal year 2016: \$3,398,941,000,000.
- 17 Fiscal year 2017: \$3,556,922,000,000.
- 18 Fiscal year 2018: \$3,726,387,000,000.
- 19 Fiscal year 2019: \$3,934,486,000,000.
- 20 Fiscal year 2020: \$4,100,004,000,000.
- 21 Fiscal year 2021: \$4,248,159,000,000.
- 22 Fiscal year 2022: \$4,411,172,000,000.
- 23 (3) Budget outlays.—For purposes of the
- enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate levels
- of total budget outlays are as follows:

- 1 Fiscal year 2013: \$3,311,724,000,000.
- 2 Fiscal year 2014: \$3,266,962,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2015: \$3,365,480,000,000.
- 4 Fiscal year 2016: \$3,407,980,000,000.
- 5 Fiscal year 2017: \$3,552,489,000,000.
- 6 Fiscal year 2018: \$3,716,960,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2019: \$3,916,975,000,000.
- 8 Fiscal year 2020: \$4,080,281,000,000.
- 9 Fiscal year 2021: \$4,218,719,000,000.
- 10 Fiscal year 2022: \$4,378,447,000,000.
- 11 (4) Deficits.—For purposes of the enforce-
- ment of this resolution, the amounts of the deficits
- 13 are as follows:
- 14 Fiscal year 2013: \$651,795,000,000.
- 15 Fiscal year 2014: \$394,970,000,000.
- 16 Fiscal year 2015: \$218,535,000,000.
- 17 Fiscal year 2016: \$30,347,000,000.
- 18 Fiscal year 2017: \$30,624,000,000.
- 19 Fiscal year 2018: \$43,345,000,000.
- 20 Fiscal year 2019: \$25,554,000,000.
- 21 Fiscal year 2020: \$58,950,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2021: \$122,373,000,000.
- 23 Fiscal year 2022: \$171,316,000,000.
- 24 (5) Public Debt.—Pursuant to section
- 25 301(a)(5) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974,

- 1 the appropriate levels of the public debt are as fol-
- 2 lows:
- Fiscal year 2013: \$16,687,208,000,000.
- 4 Fiscal year 2014: \$17,282,608,000,000.
- 5 Fiscal year 2015: \$17,705,767,000,000.
- 6 Fiscal year 2016: \$17,971,116,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2017: \$18,223,074,000,000.
- 8 Fiscal year 2018: \$18,473,929,000,000.
- 9 Fiscal year 2019: \$18,727,530,000,000.
- 10 Fiscal year 2020: \$18,933,497,000,000.
- 11 Fiscal year 2021: \$19,058,907,000,000.
- 12 Fiscal year 2022: \$19,106,426,000,000.
- 13 (6) Debt held by the public.—The appro-
- priate levels of debt held by the public are as follows:
- 15 Fiscal year 2013: \$11,856,466,000,000.
- 16 Fiscal year 2014: \$12,353,582,000,000.
- 17 Fiscal year 2015: \$12,668,280,000,000.
- 18 Fiscal year 2016: \$12,794,224,000,000.
- 19 Fiscal year 2017: \$12,858,947,000,000.
- 20 Fiscal year 2018: \$12,900,730,000,000.
- 21 Fiscal year 2019: \$12,953,800,000,000.
- 22 Fiscal year 2020: \$12,970,225,000,000.
- 23 Fiscal year 2021: \$12,919,109,000,000.
- 24 Fiscal year 2022: \$12,819,071,000,000.

SEC. 102. SOCIAL SECURITY.

- 2 (a) Social Security Revenues.—For purposes of
- 3 Senate enforcement under sections 302 and 311 of the
- 4 Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the amounts of reve-
- 5 nues of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance
- 6 Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust
- 7 Fund are as follows:
- 8 Fiscal year 2013: \$675,120,000,000.
- 9 Fiscal year 2014: \$731,427,000,000.
- 10 Fiscal year 2015: \$772,640,000,000.
- 11 Fiscal year 2016: \$821,698,000,000.
- 12 Fiscal year 2017: \$872,014,000,000.
- 13 Fiscal year 2018: \$919,303,000,000.
- 14 Fiscal year 2019: \$965,008,000,000.
- 15 Fiscal year 2020: \$1,010,593,000,000.
- 16 Fiscal year 2021: \$1,055,547,000,000.
- 17 Fiscal year 2022: \$1,102,093,000,000.
- 18 (b) Social Security Outlays.—For purposes of
- 19 Senate enforcement under sections 302 and 311 of the
- 20 Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the amounts of outlays
- 21 of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust
- 22 Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund
- 23 are as follows:
- 24 Fiscal year 2013: \$720,436,000,000.
- 25 Fiscal year 2014: \$758,457,000,000.
- 26 Fiscal year 2015: \$797,609,000,000.

```
1
        Fiscal year 2016: $839,879,000,000.
 2
        Fiscal year 2017: $887,426,000,000.
 3
        Fiscal year 2018: $939,147,000,000.
 4
        Fiscal year 2019: $995,537,000,000.
 5
        Fiscal year 2020: $1,032,447,000,000.
 6
        Fiscal year 2021: $1,093,921,000,000.
 7
        Fiscal year 2022: $1,153,017,000,000.
 8
        (c)
              SOCIAL
                        SECURITY
                                    ADMINISTRATIVE
                                                        Ex-
   PENSES.—In the Senate, the amounts of new budget au-
   thority and budget outlays of the Federal Old-Age and
10
11
   Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Dis-
12
   ability Insurance Trust Fund for administrative expenses
13
   are as follows:
14
             Fiscal year 2013:
15
                  (A)
                           New
                                     budget
                                                  authority,
16
             $5,539,000,000.
17
                  (B) Outlays, $5,543,000,000.
18
             Fiscal year 2014:
19
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                  authority,
20
             $5,701,000,000.
21
                  (B) Outlays, $5,709,000,000.
22
             Fiscal year 2015:
23
                  (A)
                           New
                                     budget
                                                  authority,
24
             $5,868,000,000.
```

(B) Outlays, \$5,842,000,000.

25

1	Fiscal year 2016:				
2	(A)	New	budget	authority,	
3	\$6,047,000,	000.			
4	(B) Ou	tlays, \$6,01	9,000,000.		
5	Fiscal year	2017:			
6	(A)	New	budget	authority,	
7	\$6,231,000,	000.			
8	(B) Ou	tlays, \$6,20	1,000,000.		
9	Fiscal year	2018:			
10	(A)	New	budget	authority,	
11	\$6,434,000,	000.			
12	(B) Ou	tlays, \$6,40	2,000,000.		
13	Fiscal year	2019:			
14	(A)	New	budget	authority,	
15	\$6,651,000,	000.			
16	(B) Ou	tlays, \$6,61	7,000,000.		
17	Fiscal year	2020:			
18	(A)	New	budget	authority,	
19	\$6,867,000,	000.			
20	(B) Ou	tlays, \$6,83	2,000,000.		
21	Fiscal year	2021:			
22	(A)	New	budget	authority,	
23	\$7,088,000,	000.			
24	(B) Ou	tlays, \$7,05	2,000,000.		
25	Fiscal year	2022:			

```
1
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
 2
             $7,320,000,000.
 3
                  (B) Outlays, $7,283,000,000.
 4
    SEC. 103. MAJOR FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES.
 5
        Congress determines and declares that the appro-
    priate levels of new budget authority and outlays for fiscal
   years 2012 through 2022 for each major functional cat-
 8
    egory are:
 9
             (1) National Defense (050):
                  Fiscal year 2013:
10
11
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
12
             $696,600,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $713,500,000,000.
13
                  Fiscal year 2014:
14
                  (A)
15
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
16
             $699,900,000,000.
17
                  (B) Outlays, $713,900,000,000.
18
                  Fiscal year 2015:
19
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
             $724,900,000,000.
20
21
                  (B) Outlays, $732,100,000,000.
22
                  Fiscal year 2016:
23
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
             $749,500,000,000.
24
25
                  (B) Outlays, $749,500,000,000.
```

1	Fiscal year 2017:
2	(A) New budget authority,
3	\$766,700,000,000.
4	(B) Outlays, \$759,100,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2018:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$784,800,000,000.
8	(B) Outlays, \$777,100,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2019:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$812,700,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$796,700,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2020:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$835,600,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$819,800,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2021:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$857,900,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$841,500,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2022:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$881,100,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$864,300,000,000.
25	(2) International Affairs (150):

1	Fiscal year 2013:
2	(A) New budget authority,
3	\$38,024,000,000.
4	(B) Outlays, \$41,175,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2014:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$36,214,000,000.
8	(B) Outlays, \$41,078,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2015:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$32,615,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$37,851,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2016:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$34,605,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$39,104,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2017:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$36,288,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$39,950,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2018:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$36,754,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$39,928,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2019:

```
(A)
                                      budget
                                                  authority,
 1
                           New
 2
             $38,239,000,000.
 3
                  (B) Outlays, $41,199,000,000.
 4
                  Fiscal year 2020:
 5
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
             $39,017,000,000.
 6
                  (B) Outlays, $42,036,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2021:
 8
 9
                                      budget
                  (A)
                           New
                                                   authority,
             $39,856,000,000.
10
                  (B) Outlays, $42,873,000,000.
11
                  Fiscal year 2022:
12
13
                                                  authority,
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
14
             $40,168,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $43,043,000,000.
15
16
             (3) General Science, Space, and Technology
17
        (250):
18
                  Fiscal year 2013:
19
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
             $11,390,000,000.
20
21
                  (B) Outlays, $11,875,000,000.
22
                  Fiscal year 2014:
23
                                                  authority,
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
             $10,781,000,000.
24
25
                  (B) Outlays, $10,925,000,000.
```

1	Fiscal year 2015	Fiscal year 2015:			
2	2 (A) New	budget	authority,		
3	\$10,190,000,000.				
4	(B) Outlays, \$10	0,175,000,000.			
5	Fiscal year 2016	j:			
6	(A) New	budget	authority,		
7	\$10,043,000,000.				
8	(B) Outlays, \$9,	984,000,000.			
9	Fiscal year 2017	7:			
10) (A) New	budget	authority,		
11	\$10,281,000,000.				
12	(B) Outlays, \$10	0,200,000,000.			
13	Fiscal year 2018	3:			
14	(A) New	budget	authority,		
15	\$10,953,000,000.				
16	(B) Outlays, \$10	(B) Outlays, \$10,850,000,000.			
17	Fiscal year 2019):			
18	3 (A) New	budget	authority,		
19	\$11,201,000,000.				
20	(B) Outlays, \$11	1,075,000,000.			
21	Fiscal year 2020):			
22	2 (A) New	budget	authority,		
23	\$10,976,000,000.				
24	(B) Outlays, \$10	0,848,000,000.			
25	Fiscal year 2021	l:			

```
(A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
 1
 2
             $11,231,000,000.
 3
                  (B) Outlays, $11,064,000,000.
 4
                  Fiscal year 2022:
 5
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
             $11,044,000,000.
 6
                  (B) Outlays, $10,879,000,000.
 7
             (4) Energy (270):
 8
 9
                  Fiscal year 2013:
                                                   authority,
10
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
11
             $1,924,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $8,075,000,000.
12
13
                  Fiscal year 2014:
14
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
             $1,765,000,000.
15
                  (B) Outlays, $4,807,000,000.
16
17
                  Fiscal year 2015:
18
                  (A) New budget authority, $934,000,000.
19
                  (B) Outlays, $2,035,000,000.
20
                  Fiscal year 2016:
21
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
             $1,043,000,000.
22
                  (B) Outlays, $2,080,000,000.
23
                  Fiscal year 2017:
24
```

```
(A)
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                           New
 2
             $1,260,000,000.
 3
                  (B) Outlays, $2,125,000,000.
 4
                  Fiscal year 2018:
 5
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
             $1,292,000,000.
 6
                  (B) Outlays, $2,170,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2019:
 8
 9
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                           New
             $1,323,000,000.
10
                  (B) Outlays, $2,215,000,000.
11
                  Fiscal year 2020:
12
13
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
             $1,081,000,000.
14
                  (B) Outlays, $1,808,000,000.
15
                  Fiscal year 2021:
16
17
                  (A)
                           New
                                                   authority,
                                      budget
18
             $1,105,000,000.
19
                  (B) Outlays, $1,844,000,000.
20
                  Fiscal year 2022:
21
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
             $1,138,000,000.
22
23
                  (B) Outlays, $1,892,000,000.
24
             (5) Natural Resources and Environment (300):
25
                  Fiscal year 2013:
```

1	(A	.) .	New	budget	authority,	
2	\$24,98	24,988,000,000.				
3	(E	(B) Outlays, \$28,975,000,000.				
4	Fi	scal yea	r 2014:			
5	(A	.) .	New	budget	authority,	
6	\$23,66	2,000,00	00.			
7	(E	Outla	ys, \$27,09	94,000,000.		
8	Fi	scal yea	r 2015:			
9	(A	.) .	New	budget	authority,	
10	\$20,77	5,000,00	00.			
11	(E	Outla	ys, \$24,01	13,000,000.		
12	Fi	scal yea	r 2016:			
13	(A	.) .	New	budget	authority,	
14	\$22,09	3,000,00	00.			
15	(E	Outla	ys, \$24,12	28,000,000.		
16	Fi	scal yea	r 2017:			
17	(A	.) .	New	budget	authority,	
18	\$23,75	3,000,00	00.			
19	(E	Outla	ys, \$25,07	75,000,000.		
20	Fi	scal yea	r 2018:			
21	(A	.)	New	budget	authority,	
22	\$25,13	0,000,00	00.			
23	(E	Outla	ys, \$25,17	72,000,000.		
24	Fi	scal yea	r 2019:			

```
(A)
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                            New
 2
             $26,291,000,000.
 3
                  (B) Outlays, $26,137,000,000.
 4
                  Fiscal year 2020:
 5
                  (A)
                            New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
 6
             $26,460,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $26,216,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2021:
 8
 9
                                      budget
                            New
                  (A)
                                                   authority,
             $27,487,000,000.
10
                  (B) Outlays, $27,199,000,000.
11
                  Fiscal year 2022:
12
13
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                            New
14
             $27,265,000,000.
15
                  (B) Outlays, $26,961,000,000.
             (6) Agriculture (350):
16
17
                  Fiscal year 2013:
18
                  (A)
                            New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
19
             $9,822,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $9,775,000,000.
20
21
                  Fiscal year 2014:
22
                  (A)
                            New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
             $9,390,000,000.
23
24
                  (B) Outlays, $9,357,000,000.
25
                  Fiscal year 2015:
```

```
(A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
 1
 2
             $8,666,000,000.
 3
                  (B) Outlays, $8,620,000,000.
 4
                  Fiscal year 2016:
                                      budget
 5
                  (A)
                           New
                                                   authority,
             $8,760,000,000.
 6
                  (B) Outlays, $8,710,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2017:
 8
 9
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                           New
             $8,423,000,000.
10
11
                  (B) Outlays, $8,375,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2018:
12
13
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                           New
             $8,506,000,000.
14
                  (B) Outlays, $8,456,000,000.
15
                  Fiscal year 2019:
16
17
                  (A)
                           New
                                                   authority,
                                      budget
18
             $8,588,000,000.
19
                  (B) Outlays, $8,537,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2020:
20
21
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
             $8,671,000,000.
22
                  (B) Outlays, $8,618,000,000.
23
                  Fiscal year 2021:
24
```

```
(A)
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                           New
 2
             $9,687,000,000.
 3
                  (B) Outlays, $9,621,000,000.
 4
                  Fiscal year 2022:
 5
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
             $9,822,000,000.
 6
                  (B) Outlays, $9,753,000,000.
 7
             (7) Commerce and Housing Credit (370):
 8
 9
                  Fiscal year 2013:
                                                   authority,
10
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
11
             $13,261,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $950,000,000.
12
13
                  Fiscal year 2014:
                                                   authority,
14
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
             $1,068,000,000.
15
                  (B) Outlays, $874,000,000.
16
17
                  Fiscal year 2015:
18
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
19
             $3,900,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $814,000,000.
20
21
                  Fiscal year 2016:
22
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
             $5,351,000,000.
23
24
                  (B) Outlays, $832,000,000.
25
                  Fiscal year 2017:
```

```
(A)
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                            New
 2
             $7,049,000,000.
 3
                  (B) Outlays, $2,125,000,000.
 4
                  Fiscal year 2018:
 5
                  (A)
                            New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
             $6,172,000,000.
 6
                  (B) Outlays, $2,170,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2019:
 8
 9
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                            New
             $9,910,000,000.
10
11
                  (B) Outlays, $3,101,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2020:
12
13
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                            New
                                      budget
14
             $9,579,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $3,164,000,000.
15
                  Fiscal year 2021:
16
17
                  (A)
                            New
                                                   authority,
                                      budget
18
             $2,999,000,000.
19
                  (B) Outlays, $3,227,000,000.
20
                  Fiscal year 2022:
21
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                            New
                                      budget
             $1,185,000,000.
22
23
                  (B) Outlays, $2,838,000,000.
24
             (8) Transportation (400):
25
                  Fiscal year 2013:
```

1	(A)	New	budget	authority,		
2	\$17,078,	000,000.				
3	(B)	(B) Outlays, \$27,075,000,000.				
4	Fise	al year 201	4:			
5	(A)	New	budget	authority,		
6	\$6,958,0	00,000.				
7	(B)	Outlays, \$1	8,791,000,00	0.		
8	Fise	al year 201	5:			
9	(A)	New	budget	authority,		
10	\$8,203,0	00,000.				
11	(B)	Outlays, \$1	9,129,000,00	0.		
12	Fise	al year 201	6:			
13	(A)	New	budget	authority,		
14	\$8,169,0	\$8,169,000,000.				
15	(B)	Outlays, \$1	9,136,000,00	0.		
16	Fise	al year 201	7:			
17	(A)	New	budget	authority,		
18	\$8,275,0	00,000.				
19	(B)	Outlays, \$1	9,125,000,00	0.		
20	Fise	al year 201	8:			
21	(A)	New	budget	authority,		
22	\$8,439,0	00,000.				
23	(B)	Outlays, \$1	9,096,000,00	0.		
24	Fise	al year 201	9:			

```
(A)
                                     budget
                                                  authority,
 1
                           New
 2
             $8,657,000,000.
 3
                  (B) Outlays, $19,049,000,000.
 4
                  Fiscal year 2020:
 5
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                  authority,
             $9,401,000,000.
 6
                  (B) Outlays, $20,792,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2021:
 8
 9
                                     budget
                  (A)
                           New
                                                  authority,
             $10,926,000,000.
10
11
                  (B) Outlays, $22,128,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2022:
12
13
                                                  authority,
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
14
             $9,793,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $22,231,000,000.
15
                  Community and Regional Development
16
             (9)
17
        (450):
18
                 Fiscal year 2013:
19
                  (A)
                           New
                                     budget
                                                  authority,
             $10,459,000,000.
20
21
                  (B) Outlays, $19,000,000,000.
22
                  Fiscal year 2014:
23
                                                  authority,
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
             $8,265,000,000.
24
25
                  (B) Outlays, $17,043,000,000.
```

1	Fiscal year 2015:
2	(A) New budget authority
3	\$8,348,000,000.
4	(B) Outlays, \$13,838,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2016:
6	(A) New budget authority
7	\$10,611,000,000.
8	(B) Outlays, \$14,144,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2017:
10	(A) New budget authority
11	\$12,652,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$14,875,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2018:
14	(A) New budget authority
15	\$14,022000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$15,190,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2019:
18	(A) New budget authority
19	\$14,349,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$15,062,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2020:
22	(A) New budget authority
23	\$14,365,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$14,916,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2021:

```
(A)
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                           New
 2
             $15,547,000,000.
 3
                  (B) Outlays, $16,135,000,000.
 4
                  Fiscal year 2022:
 5
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
 6
             $15,512,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $16,082,000,000.
 7
 8
             (10) Education, Training, Employment, and
 9
        Social Services (500):
                  Fiscal year 2013:
10
11
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
             $56,341,000,000.
12
13
                  (B) Outlays, $57,875,000,000.
14
                  Fiscal year 2014:
15
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
16
             $52,978,000,000.
17
                  (B) Outlays, $53,499,000,000.
18
                  Fiscal year 2015:
19
                  (A)
                           New
                                                   authority,
                                      budget
             $50,710,000,000.
20
21
                  (B) Outlays, $50,180,000,000.
22
                  Fiscal year 2016:
23
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
             $54,699,000,000.
24
25
                  (B) Outlays, $54,080,000,000.
```

1	Fiscal year 2017:
2	(A) New budget authority,
3	\$56,797,000,000.
4	(B) Outlays, \$56,100,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2018:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$57,622,000,000.
8	(B) Outlays, \$56,854,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2019:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$58,400,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$57,590,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2020:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$59,907,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$59,059,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2021:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$60,799,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$59,930,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2022:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$60,885,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$60,071,000,000.
25	(11) Health (550):

1	Fiscal year 2013:
2	(A) New budget authority,
3	\$353,800,000,000.
4	(B) Outlays, \$348,000,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2014:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$337,591,000,000.
8	(B) Outlays, \$326,887,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2015:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$351,655,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$330,821,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2016:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$361,046,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$340,432,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2017:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$374,026,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$349,175,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2018:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$385,327,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$360,180,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2019:

```
(A)
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                           New
 2
             $399,456,000,000.
 3
                  (B) Outlays, $371,797,000,000.
 4
                  Fiscal year 2020:
 5
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
             $413,929,000,000.
 6
                  (B) Outlays, $383,778,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2021:
 8
 9
                                      budget
                  (A)
                           New
                                                   authority,
10
             $443,416,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $411,012,000,000.
11
                  Fiscal year 2022:
12
13
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                           New
14
             $472,571,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $438,342,000,000.
15
             (12) Medicare (570):
16
17
                  Fiscal year 2013:
18
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
19
             $585,288,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $585,220,000,000.
20
21
                  Fiscal year 2014:
22
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
23
             $617,452,000,000.
24
                  (B) Outlays, $617,414,000,000.
25
                  Fiscal year 2015:
```

1	(A)	New	budget	authority,		
2	\$650,316,0	\$650,316,000,000.				
3	(B) O	utlays, \$65	0,265,000,00	00.		
4	Fiscal	year 2016	:			
5	(A)	New	budget	authority,		
6	\$624,673,0	000,000.				
7	(B) O	utlays, \$62	4,626,000,00	00.		
8	Fiscal	year 2017	:			
9	(A)	New	budget	authority,		
10	\$623,319,0	000,000.				
11	(B) O	utlays, \$62	3,271,000,00	00.		
12	Fiscal	year 2018	:			
13	(A)	New	budget	authority,		
14	\$625,754,0	000,000.				
15	(B) O	utlays, \$62	5,706,000,00	00.		
16	Fiscal	year 2019	:			
17	(A)	New	budget	authority,		
18	\$653,437,0	000,000.				
19	(B) O	utlays, \$65	3,384,000,00	00.		
20	Fiscal	year 2020	:			
21	(A)	New	budget	authority,		
22	\$665,758,0	000,000.				
23	(B) O	utlays, \$66	5,702,000,00	00.		
24	Fiscal	year 2021	:			

```
(A)
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                           New
 2
             $632,639,000,000.
 3
                  (B) Outlays, $632,583,000,000.
 4
                  Fiscal year 2022:
 5
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
             $663,152,000,000.
 6
                  (B) Outlays, $663,095,000,000.
 7
 8
             (13) Income Security (600):
 9
                  Fiscal year 2013:
                                                   authority,
10
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
11
             $458,510,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $462,945,000,000.
12
13
                  Fiscal year 2014:
14
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
15
             $388,595,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $391,402,000,000.
16
17
                  Fiscal year 2015:
18
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
19
             $382,123,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $383,981,000,000.
20
21
                  Fiscal year 2016:
22
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
23
             $384,516,000,000.
24
                  (B) Outlays, $385,762,000,000.
25
                  Fiscal year 2017:
```

```
(A)
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                           New
 2
             $385,722,000,000.
 3
                  (B) Outlays, $386,070,000,000.
 4
                  Fiscal year 2018:
 5
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
 6
             $394,436,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $394,212,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2019:
 8
 9
                                      budget
                  (A)
                           New
                                                   authority,
             $400,998,000,000.
10
                  (B) Outlays, $400,516,000,000.
11
                  Fiscal year 2020:
12
13
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
14
             $416,931,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $416,354,000,000.
15
                  Fiscal year 2021:
16
17
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
18
             $405,108,000,000.
19
                  (B) Outlays, $404,451,000,000.
20
                  Fiscal year 2022:
21
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
             $417,175,000,000.
22
                  (B) Outlays, $416,541,000,000.
23
24
             (14) Social Security (650):
25
                  Fiscal year 2013:
```

```
(A)
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                           New
 2
             $53,216,000,000.
 3
                  (B) Outlays, $53,296,000,000.
 4
                  Fiscal year 2014:
 5
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
             $31,892,000,000.
 6
                  (B) Outlays, $32,002,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2015:
 8
 9
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                           New
             $35,135,000,000.
10
11
                  (B) Outlays, $35,210,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2016:
12
13
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                           New
14
             $38,953,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $38,991,000,000.
15
                  Fiscal year 2017:
16
17
                  (A)
                           New
                                                   authority,
                                      budget
18
             $43,140,000,000.
19
                  (B) Outlays, $43,140,000,000.
20
                  Fiscal year 2018:
21
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
             $47,590,000,000.
22
23
                  (B) Outlays, $47,590,000,000.
                  Fiscal year 2019:
24
```

```
(A)
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                            New
 2
             $52,429,000,000.
 3
                  (B) Outlays, $52,429,000,000.
 4
                  Fiscal year 2020:
 5
                  (A)
                            New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
 6
             $57,425,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $57,425,000,000.
 7
 8
                  Fiscal year 2021:
 9
                                      budget
                            New
                  (A)
                                                   authority,
             $62,604,000,000.
10
                  (B) Outlays, $62,604,000,000.
11
                  Fiscal year 2022:
12
13
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                            New
                                      budget
14
             $68,079,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $68,079,000,000.
15
             (15) Veterans Benefits and Services (700):
16
17
                  Fiscal year 2013:
18
                  (A)
                            New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
19
             $119,099,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $119,750,000,000.
20
21
                  Fiscal year 2014:
22
                  (A)
                            New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
23
             $121,154,000,000.
24
                  (B) Outlays, $121,456,000,000.
25
                  Fiscal year 2015:
```

```
(A)
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                           New
 2
             $123,497,000,000.
 3
                  (B) Outlays, $123,506,000,000.
 4
                  Fiscal year 2016:
 5
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
 6
             $131,075,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $130,702,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2017:
 8
 9
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                           New
             $128,369,000,000.
10
                  (B) Outlays, $127,870,000,000.
11
                  Fiscal year 2018:
12
13
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                           New
             $127,819,000,000.
14
                  (B) Outlays, $127,274,000,000.
15
                  Fiscal year 2019:
16
17
                  (A)
                           New
                                                   authority,
                                      budget
18
             $134,992,000,000.
19
                  (B) Outlays, $134,425,000,000.
20
                  Fiscal year 2020:
21
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
             $139,848,000,000.
22
                  (B) Outlays, $139,274,000,000.
23
                  Fiscal year 2021:
24
```

```
(A)
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                            New
 2
             $142,925,000,000.
 3
                  (B) Outlays, $142,327,000,000.
 4
                  Fiscal year 2022:
 5
                  (A)
                            New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
 6
             $142,670,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $142,079,000,000.
 7
 8
             (16) Administration of Justice (750):
 9
                  Fiscal year 2013:
                                                   authority,
10
                  (A)
                            New
                                      budget
             $47,182,000,000.
11
                  (B) Outlays, $48,925,000,000.
12
13
                  Fiscal year 2014:
14
                  (A)
                            New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
15
             $45,833,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $48,070,000,000.
16
17
                  Fiscal year 2015:
18
                  (A)
                            New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
19
             $45,232,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $46,805,000,000.
20
21
                  Fiscal year 2016:
22
                  (A)
                            New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
             $46,682,000,000.
23
24
                  (B) Outlays, $47,840,000,000.
25
                  Fiscal year 2017:
```

```
(A)
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                           New
 2
             $47,921,000,000.
 3
                  (B) Outlays, $48,875,000,000.
 4
                  Fiscal year 2018:
 5
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
             $48,995,000,000.
 6
                  (B) Outlays, $49,910,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2019:
 8
 9
                                      budget
                  (A)
                           New
                                                   authority,
             $50,0690,000,000.
10
                  (B) Outlays, $50,945,000,000.
11
                  Fiscal year 2020:
12
13
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
14
             $51,208,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $51,980,000,000.
15
                  Fiscal year 2021:
16
17
                           New
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                                      budget
18
             $52,229,000,000.
19
                  (B) Outlays, $53,015,000,000.
20
                  Fiscal year 2022:
21
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                           New
                                      budget
             $52,207,000,000.
22
                  (B) Outlays, $52,976,000,000.
23
24
             (17) General Government (800):
25
                  Fiscal year 2013:
```

1	(A)	New	budget	authority,
2	\$17,292	,000,000.		
3	(B)	Outlays, \$1	19,000,000,00	0.
4	Fisc	cal year 201	4:	
5	(A)	New	budget	authority,
6	\$18,113	,000,000.		
7	(B)	Outlays, \$1	18,791,000,00	0.
8	Fisc	cal year 201	.5:	
9	(A)	New	budget	authority,
10	\$17,574	,000,000.		
11	(B)	Outlays, \$1	7,908,000,00	0.
12	Fisc	eal year 201	6:	
13	(A)	New	budget	authority,
14	\$17,752	,000,000.		
15	(B)	Outlays, \$1	17,888,000,00	0.
16	Fisc	cal year 201	7:	
17	(A)	New	budget	authority,
18	\$19,100	,000,000.		
19	(B)	Outlays, \$1	19,125,000,00	0.
20	Fise	cal year 201	8:	
21	(A)	New	budget	authority,
22	\$19,082	,000,000.		
23	(B)	Outlays, \$1	19,096,000,00	0.
24	Fise	cal year 201	9:	

```
(A)
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
 1
                            New
 2
             $19,466,000,000.
 3
                  (B) Outlays, $19,049,000,000.
 4
                  Fiscal year 2020:
 5
                  (A)
                            New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
 6
             $20,345,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $19,888,000,000.
 7
                  Fiscal year 2021:
 8
 9
                                      budget
                            New
                  (A)
                                                   authority,
10
             $20,278,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $19,823,000,000.
11
                  Fiscal year 2022:
12
13
                                                   authority,
                  (A)
                            New
                                      budget
14
             $20,320,000,000.
15
                  (B) Outlays, $19,866,000,000.
             (18) Net Interest (900):
16
17
                  Fiscal year 2013:
18
                  (A)
                            New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
19
             $226,273,000,000.
                  (B) Outlays, $226,273,000,000.
20
21
                  Fiscal year 2014:
22
                  (A)
                            New
                                      budget
                                                   authority,
             $241,665,000,000.
23
24
                  (B) Outlays, $241,665,000,000.
25
                  Fiscal year 2015:
```

1	(A)	New	budget	authority,
2	\$278,158,000	,000.		
3	(B) Outl	ays, \$2'	78,158,000,000.	
4	Fiscal ye	ear 2016	3 :	
5	(A)	New	budget	authority,
6	\$329,553,000	,000.		
7	(B) Outl	ays, \$32	29,553,000,000.	
8	Fiscal ye	ear 2017	7:	
9	(A)	New	budget	authority,
10	\$377,828,000	,000.		
11	(B) Outl	ays, \$3'	77,828,000,000.	
12	Fiscal ye	ear 2018	3:	
13	(A)	New	budget	authority,
14	\$419,849,000	,000.		
15	(B) Outl	ays, \$41	19,849,000,000.	
16	Fiscal ye	ear 2019	9:	
17	(A)	New	budget	authority,
18	\$456,458,000	,000.		
19	(B) Outl	ays, \$45	56,458,000,000.	
20	Fiscal ye	ear 2020):	
21	(A)	New	budget	authority,
22	\$483,401,000	,000.		
23	(B) Outl	ays, \$48	83,401,000,000.	
24	Fiscal ye	ear 2021	l :	

1		(A)	New	budget	authority,
2	\$497	7,066,0	00,000.		
3		(B) Ou	ıtlays, \$49	7,066,000,000).
4		Fiscal	year 2022	:	
5		(A)	New	budget	authority,
6	\$508	8,481,0	00,000.		
7		(B) Ou	ıtlays, \$50	8,481,000,000).
8	(19)	Allowa	nces (920)	:	
9		Fiscal	year 2013	:	
10		(A) Ne	ew budget a	authority, \$0.	
11		(B) Ou	ıtlays, \$0.		
12		Fiscal	year 2014	:	
13		(A) Ne	ew budget a	authority, \$0.	
14		(B) Ou	ıtlays, \$0.		
15		Fiscal	year 2015	:	
16		(A) Ne	ew budget a	authority, \$0.	
17		(B) Ou	ıtlays, \$0.		
18		Fiscal	year 2016	:	
19		(A) Ne	ew budget a	authority, \$0.	
20		(B) Ou	ıtlays, \$0.		
21		Fiscal	year 2017	:	
22		(A) Ne	ew budget a	authority, \$0.	
23		(B) Ou	ıtlays, \$0.		
24		Fiscal	year 2018	:	
25		(A) Ne	ew budget a	authority, \$0.	

1	(B) Outlays, \$0.
2	Fiscal year 2019:
3	(A) New budget authority, \$0.
4	(B) Outlays, \$0.
5	Fiscal year 2020:
6	(A) New budget authority, \$0.
7	(B) Outlays, \$0.
8	Fiscal year 2021:
9	(A) New budget authority, \$0.
10	(B) Outlays, \$0.
11	Fiscal year 2022:
12	(A) New budget authority, \$0.
13	(B) Outlays, \$0.
14	(20) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):
15	Fiscal year 2013:
16	(A) New budget authority,
17	\$138,200,000,000.
18	(B) Outlays, \$138,200,000,000.
19	Fiscal year 2014:
20	(A) New budget authority,
21	\$152,800,000,000.
22	(B) Outlays, \$152,800,000,000.
23	Fiscal year 2015:
24	(A) New budget authority,
25	\$160,700,000,000.

1	(B) Outlays, \$160,700,000,000.
2	Fiscal year 2016:
3	(A) New budget authority,
4	\$230,400,000,000.
5	(B) Outlays, \$230,400,000,000.
6	Fiscal year 2017:
7	(A) New budget authority,
8	\$204,200,000,000.
9	(B) Outlays, \$204,200,000,000.
10	Fiscal year 2018:
11	(A) New budget authority,
12	\$175,400,000,000.
13	(B) Outlays, \$175,400,000,000.
14	Fiscal year 2019:
15	(A) New budget authority,
16	\$145,800,000,000.
17	(B) Outlays, \$145,800,000,000.
18	Fiscal year 2020:
19	(A) New budget authority,
20	\$119,800,000,000.
21	(B) Outlays, \$119,800,000,000.
22	Fiscal year 2021:
23	(A) New budget authority,
24	\$71,000,000,000.
25	(B) Outlays, \$71,000,000,000.

1	Fiscal year 2022:
2	(A) New budget authority,
3	\$74,000,000,000.
4	(B) Outlays, \$74,000,000,000.
5	TITLE II—RESERVE FUNDS
6	SEC. 201. DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND FOR THE
7	SALE OF UNUSED OR VACANT FEDERAL
8	PROPERTIES.
9	The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
10	the Senate may reduce the allocations of a committee or
11	committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and
12	limits in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolu-
13	tions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that
14	achieve savings by selling any unused or vacant Federal
15	properties. The Chairman may also make adjustments to
16	the Senate's pay-as-you-go ledger over 10 years to ensure
17	that the deficit reduction achieved is used for deficit re-
18	duction only. The adjustments authorized under this sec-
19	tion shall be of the amount of deficit reduction achieved.
20	SEC. 202. DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND FOR SELL-
21	ING EXCESS FEDERAL LAND.
22	The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
23	the Senate may reduce the allocations of a committee or
24	committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and
25	limits in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolu-

- 1 tions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that
- 2 achieve savings by selling any excess Federal land. The
- 3 Chairman may also make adjustments to the Senate's pay
- 4 as-you-go ledger over 10 years to ensure that the deficit
- 5 reduction achieved is used for deficit reduction only. The
- 6 adjustments authorized under this section shall be of the
- 7 amount of deficit reduction achieved.
- 8 SEC. 203. DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND FOR THE
- 9 REPEAL OF DAVIS-BACON PREVAILING WAGE
- 10 LAWS.
- 11 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
- 12 the Senate may reduce the allocations of a committee or
- 13 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and
- 14 limits in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolu-
- 15 tions, amendments, motions, or conference reports from
- 16 savings achieved by repealing the Davis-Bacon prevailing
- 17 wage laws. The Chairman may also make adjustments to
- 18 the Senate's pay-as-you-go ledger over 10 years to ensure
- 19 that the deficit reduction achieved is used for deficit re-
- 20 duction only. The adjustments authorized under this sec-
- 21 tion shall be of the amount of deficit reduction achieved.

1	SEC. 204. DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND FOR THE
2	REDUCTION OF PURCHASING AND MAINTAIN-
3	ING FEDERAL VEHICLES.
4	The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
5	the Senate may reduce the allocations of a committee or
6	committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and
7	limits in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolu-
8	tions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that
9	achieve savings by reducing the Federal vehicles fleet. The
10	Chairman may also make adjustments to the Senate's pay
11	as-you-go ledger over 10 years to ensure that the deficit
12	reduction achieved is used for deficit reduction only. The
13	adjustments authorized under this section shall be of the
14	amount of deficit reduction achieved.
15	SEC. 205. DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND FOR THE
16	SALE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS PURCHASED
17	
	THROUGH THE TROUBLED ASSET RELIEF
18	THROUGH THE TROUBLED ASSET RELIEF PROGRAM.
18 19	
	PROGRAM.
19	PROGRAM. The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
19 20	PROGRAM. The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may reduce the allocations of a committee or
19 20 21	PROGRAM. The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may reduce the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and
19 20 21 22	PROGRAM. The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may reduce the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolu-
19 20 21 22 23	PROGRAM. The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may reduce the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that

1	pay-as-you-go ledger over 10 years to ensure that the def-
2	icit reduction achieved is used for deficit reduction only.
3	The adjustments authorized under this section shall be of
4	the amount of deficit reduction achieved.
5	SEC. 206. RESERVE FUND FOR THE REPEAL OF THE 2010
6	HEALTH CARE LAWS.
7	The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
8	the Senate may reduce the allocations of a committee or
9	committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and
10	limits in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolu-
11	tions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that
12	achieve savings by repealing the Patient Protection and
13	Affordable Care Act of 2010. The Chairman may also
14	make adjustments to the Senate's pay as-you-go ledger
15	over 10 years to ensure that the deficit reduction achieved
16	is used for deficit reduction only. The adjustments author-
17	ized under this section shall be of the amount of deficit
18	reduction achieved.
19	TITLE III—BUDGET PROCESS
20	Subtitle A—Budget Enforcement
21	SEC. 301. DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LIMITS FOR FISCAL
22	YEARS 2013 THROUGH 2022, PROGRAM INTEG-
23	RITY INITIATIVES, AND OTHER ADJUST-
24	MENTS.
25	(a) Senate Point of Order.—

1 (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise pro2 vided in this section, it shall not be in order in the
3 Senate to consider any bill or joint resolution (or
4 amendment, motion, or conference report on that bill
5 or joint resolution) that would cause the discre6 tionary spending limits in this section to be exceed7 ed.

(2) Supermajority waiver and appeals.—

- (A) WAIVER.—This subsection may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.
- (B) APPEALS.—Appeals in the Senate from the decisions of the Chair relating to any provision of this subsection shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the appellant and the manager of the bill or joint resolution. An affirmative vote of two-thirds of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this subsection.
- (b) Senate Discretionary Spending Limits.—In
 the Senate and as used in this section, the term "discretionary spending limit" means—

1	(1) for fiscal year 2013, $$1,093,000,000,000$ in
2	new budget authority and $$1,181,000,000,000$ in
3	outlays;
4	(2) for fiscal year 2014, \$1,030,000,000,000 in
5	new budget authority and $$1,143,000,000,000$ in
6	outlays;
7	(3) for fiscal year 2015, $$1,061,000,000,000$ in
8	new budget authority and $$1,130,000,000,000$ in
9	outlays;
10	(4) for fiscal year $2016 \$1,106,000,000,000$ in
11	new budget authority and $\$1,156,000,000,000$ in
12	outlays;
13	(5) for fiscal year 2017, $$1,140,000,000,000$ in
14	new budget authority and $$1,174,000,000,000$ in
15	outlays;
16	(6) for fiscal year 2018, $$1,171,000,000,000$ in
17	new budget authority and $$1,201,000,000,000$ in
18	outlays;
19	(7) for fiscal year 2019, \$1,210,000,000,000 in
20	new budget authority and $$1,230,000,000,000$ in
21	outlays;
22	(8) for fiscal year 2020, $$1,240,000,000,000$ in
23	new budget authority and $$1,261,000,000,000$ in
24	outlays;

- 1 (9) for fiscal year 2021, \$1,276,000,000,000 in 2 new budget authority and \$1,292,000,000,000 in 3 outlays; and
- 4 (10) for fiscal year 2022, \$1,299,000,000,000
 5 in new budget authority and \$1,323,000,000,000 in
 6 outlays; as adjusted in conformance with the adjust7 ment procedures in subsection (c).
- 8 (c) ADJUSTMENTS IN THE SENATE.—After the re-9 porting of a bill or joint resolution relating to any matter 10 described in subsection (a)(2), or the offering of an 11 amendment or motion thereto or the submission of a con-12 ference report thereon—
 - (1) the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may adjust the discretionary spending limits, budgetary aggregates, and allocations pursuant to section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, by the amount of new budget authority in that measure for that purpose and the outlays flowing therefrom; and
 - (2) following any adjustment under paragraph (1), the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate may report appropriately revised suballocations pursuant to section 302(b) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to carry out this subsection.

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1 SEC. 302. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST ADVANCE APPROPRIA-

- 2 TIONS.
- 3 (a) Point of Order.—It shall not be in order in
- 4 the Senate to consider any bill, joint resolution, motion,
- 5 amendment, or conference report that would provide an
- 6 advance appropriation.
- 7 (b) Definition.—In this section, the term "advance
- 8 appropriation" means any new budget authority provided
- 9 in a bill or joint resolution making appropriations for fis-
- 10 cal year 2013 that first becomes available for any fiscal
- 11 year after 2012, or any new budget authority provided in
- 12 a bill or joint resolution making general appropriations or
- 13 continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2013, that first
- 14 becomes available for any fiscal year after 2013.
- 15 SEC. 303. EMERGENCY LEGISLATION.
- 16 (a) AUTHORITY TO DESIGNATE.—In the Senate,
- 17 with respect to a provision of direct spending or receipts
- 18 legislation or appropriations for discretionary accounts
- 19 that Congress designates as an emergency requirement in
- 20 such measure, the amounts of new budget authority, out-
- 21 lays, and receipts in all fiscal years resulting from that
- 22 provision shall be treated as an emergency requirement
- 23 for the purpose of this section.
- 24 (b) Exemption of Emergency Provisions.—Any
- 25 new budget authority, outlays, and receipts resulting from
- 26 any provision designated as an emergency requirement,

- 1 pursuant to this section, in any bill, joint resolution,
- 2 amendment, or conference report shall not count for pur-
- 3 poses of sections 302 and 311 of the Congressional Budg-
- 4 et Act of 1974, section 201 of S. Con. Res. 21 (110th
- 5 Congress) (relating to pay-as-you-go), section 311 of
- 6 S.Con. Res. 70 (110th Congress) (relating to long-term
- 7 deficits), and section 404 of S. Con. Res. 13 (111th Con-
- 8 gress)(relating to short-term deficits), and section 301 of
- 9 this resolution (relating to discretionary spending). Des-
- 10 ignated emergency provisions shall not count for the pur-
- 11 pose of revising allocations, aggregates, or other levels
- 12 pursuant to procedures established under section
- 13 301(b)(7) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 for
- 14 deficit-neutral reserve funds and revising discretionary
- 15 spending limits set pursuant to section 301 of this resolu-
- 16 tion.
- 17 (c) Designations.—If a provision of legislation is
- 18 designated as an emergency requirement under this sec-
- 19 tion, the committee report and any statement of managers
- 20 accompanying that legislation shall include an explanation
- 21 of the manner in which the provision meets the criteria
- 22 in subsection (f).
- 23 (d) Definitions.—In this section, the terms "direct
- 24 spending", "receipts", and "appropriations for discre-
- 25 tionary accounts" mean any provision of a bill, joint reso-

- 1 lution, amendment, motion, or conference report that af-
- 2 fects direct spending, receipts, or appropriations as those
- 3 terms have been defined and interpreted for purposes of
- 4 the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act
- 5 of 1985.

(e) Point of Order.—

- (1) In General.—When the Senate is considering a bill, resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report, if a point of order is made by a Senator against an emergency designation in that measure, that provision making such a designation shall be stricken from the measure and may not be offered as an amendment from the floor.
 - (2) Supermajority waiver and appeals.—
 - (A) WAIVER.—Paragraph (1) may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.
 - (B) APPEALS.—Appeals in the Senate from the decisions of the Chair relating to any provision of this subsection shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the appellant and the manager of the bill or joint resolution, as the case may be. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members

- of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this subsection.
 - (3) DEFINITION OF AN EMERGENCY DESIGNATION.—For purposes of paragraph (1), a provision shall be considered an emergency designation if it designates any item as an emergency requirement pursuant to this subsection.
 - (4) FORM OF THE POINT OF ORDER.—A point of order under paragraph (1) may be raised by a Senator as provided in section 313(e) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974.
 - (5) Conference reports.—When the Senate is considering a conference report on, or an amendment between the Senate and the House of Representatives in relation to, a bill, upon a point of order being made by any Senator pursuant to this section, and such point of order being sustained, such material contained in such conference report shall be stricken, and the Senate shall proceed to consider the question of whether the Senate shall recede from its amendment and concur with a further amendment, or concur in the House of Representatives amendment with a further amendment, as the

1	case may be, which further amendment shall consist
2	of only that portion of the conference report or
3	House of Representatives amendment, as the case
4	may be, not so stricken. Any such motion in the
5	Senate shall be debatable. In any case in which such
6	point of order is sustained against a conference re-
7	port (or Senate amendment derived from such con-
8	ference report by operation of this subsection), no
9	further amendment shall be in order.
10	(f) Criteria.—
11	(1) In general.—For purposes of this section,
12	any provision is an emergency requirement if the sit-
13	uation addressed by such provision is—
14	(A) necessary, essential, or vital (not mere-
15	ly useful or beneficial);
16	(B) sudden, quickly coming into being, and
17	not building up over time;
18	(C) an urgent, pressing, and compelling
19	need requiring immediate action;
20	(D) subject to subparagraph (B), unfore-
21	seen, unpredictable, and unanticipated; and
22	(E) not permanent, temporary in nature.
23	(2) Unforeseen.—An emergency that is part
24	of an aggregate level of anticipated emergencies.

- 1 particularly when normally estimated in advance, is
- 2 not unforeseen.
- 3 (g) INAPPLICABILITY.—In the Senate, section 403 of
- 4 S. Con. Res. 13 (111th Congress), the concurrent resolu-
- 5 tion on the budget for fiscal year 2010, shall no longer
- 6 apply.

7 SEC. 304. ADJUSTMENTS FOR THE EXTENSION OF CERTAIN

- 8 CURRENT POLICIES.
- 9 (a) Adjustment.—For the purposes of determining
- 10 points of order specified in subsection (b), the Chairman
- 11 of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may adjust
- 12 the estimate of the budgetary effects of a bill, joint resolu-
- 13 tion, amendment, motion, or conference report that con-
- 14 tains 1 or more provisions meeting the criteria of sub-
- 15 section (c) to exclude the amounts of qualifying budgetary
- 16 effects.
- 17 (b) COVERED POINTS OF ORDER.—The Chairman of
- 18 the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may make
- 19 adjustments pursuant to this section for the following
- 20 points of order only:
- 21 (1) Section 201 of S. Con. Res. 21 (110th Con-
- gress) (relating to pay-as-you-go).
- 23 (2) Section 311 of S. Con. Res. 70 (110th Con-
- 24 gress) (relating to long-term deficits).

- 1 (3) Section 404 of S. Con. Res. 13 (111th Con-2 gress) (relating to short-term deficits). 3 (c) QUALIFYING LEGISLATION.—The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may make 5 adjustments authorized under subsection (a) for legisla-6 tion containing provisions that— 7 (1) amend or supersede the system for updating 8 payments made under subsections 1848 (d) and (f) 9 of the Social Security Act, consistent with section 10 7(c) of the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010 11 (Public Law 111–139); and 12 (2) amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 13 that may establish a single, flat tax rate as nec-14 essary to conform with the annual revenue levels 15 specified herein consistent with section 7(d) of the 16 Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010. 17 (d) Definition.—For the purposes of this section,
- the terms "budgetary effects" or "effects" mean the 18
- 19 amount by which a provision changes direct spending or
- revenues relative to the baseline. 20
- 21 (e) Sunset.—This section shall expire on December 22 31, 2012.

Subtitle B—Other Provisions

2	SEC. 311. OVERSIGHT OF GOVERNMENT PERFORMANCE.
3	In the Senate, all committees are directed to review
4	programs and tax expenditures within their jurisdiction to
5	identify waste, fraud, abuse, or duplication, and increase
6	the use of performance data to inform committee work.
7	Committees are also directed to review the matters for
8	congressional consideration identified on the High Risk
9	list reports of the Government Accountability Office's.
10	Based on these oversight efforts and performance reviews
11	of programs within their jurisdiction, committees are di-
12	rected to include recommendations for improved govern-
13	mental performance in their annual views and estimates
14	reports required under section 301(d) of the Congressional
15	Budget Act of 1974 to the Committees on the Budget.
16	SEC. 312. APPLICATION AND EFFECT OF CHANGES IN ALLO-
17	CATIONS AND AGGREGATES.
18	(a) Application.—Any adjustments of allocations
19	and aggregates made pursuant to this resolution shall—
20	(1) apply while that measure is under consider-
21	ation;
22	(2) take effect upon the enactment of that
23	measure; and
24	(3) be published in the Congressional Record as
25	soon as practicable

- 1 (b) Effect of Changed Allocations and Ag-
- 2 GREGATES.—Revised allocations and aggregates resulting
- 3 from these adjustments shall be considered for the pur-
- 4 poses of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as alloca-
- 5 tions and aggregates contained in this resolution.
- 6 (c) Budget Committee Determinations.—For
- 7 purposes of this resolution the levels of new budget au-
- 8 thority, outlays, direct spending, new entitlement author-
- 9 ity, revenues, deficits, and surpluses for a fiscal year or
- 10 period of fiscal years shall be determined on the basis of
- 11 estimates made by the Committee on the Budget of the
- 12 Senate.
- 13 SEC. 313. ADJUSTMENTS TO REFLECT CHANGES IN CON-
- 14 CEPTS AND DEFINITIONS.
- 15 Upon the enactment of a bill or joint resolution pro-
- 16 viding for a change in concepts or definitions, the Chair-
- 17 man of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may
- 18 make adjustments to the levels and allocations in this res-
- 19 olution in accordance with section 251(b) of the Balanced
- 20 Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (as
- 21 in effect prior to September 30, 2002).

22 TITLE IV—RECONCILIATION

- 23 SEC. 401. RECONCILIATION IN THE SENATE.
- 24 (a) Submission To Provide for the Reform of
- 25 Mandatory Spending.—

(1) In General.—Not later than September 1, 2012, the Senate committees named in paragraph (2) shall submit their recommendations to the Committee on the Budget of the Senate of the United States. After receiving those recommendations from the applicable committees of the Senate, the Committee on the Budget shall report to the Senate a reconciliation bill carrying out all such recommendations without substantive revision.

(2) Instructions.—

- (A) COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE, SCIENCE, AND TRANSPORTATION.—The Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation shall report changes in law within its jurisdiction sufficient to reduce direct spending outlays by \$457,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2013 through 2022.
- (B) COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, NUTRITION, AND FORESTRY.—The Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry shall report changes in law within its jurisdiction sufficient to reduce direct spending outlays by \$563,000,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2013 through 2022.

1	(C) COMMITTEE ON HEALTH, EDUCATION,
2	LABOR, AND PENSIONS.—The Committee on
3	Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions shall
4	report changes in laws within its jurisdiction
5	sufficient to reduce direct spending outlays by
6	\$2,652,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal
7	years 2013 through 2022.
8	(D) COMMITTEE ON FINANCE.—The Com-
9	mittee on Finance shall report changes in laws
10	within its jurisdiction sufficient to reduce direct
11	spending outlays by $$1,432,000,000,000$ for the
12	period of fiscal years 2013 through 2022.
13	(b) Submission of Revised Allocations.—Upon
14	the submission to the Committee on the Budget of the
15	Senate of a recommendation that has complied with its
16	reconciliation instructions solely by virtue of section
17	310(c) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the
18	chairman of that committee may file with the Senate re-
19	vised allocations under section 302(a) of such Act and re-
20	vised functional levels and aggregates.
21	TITLE V—CONGRESSIONAL
22	POLICY CHANGES
23	SEC. 501. POLICY STATEMENT ON SOCIAL SECURITY.
24	It is the policy of this concurrent resolution that Con-
25	gress and the relevant committees of jurisdiction enact

- 1 legislation to ensure the Social Security System achieves
- 2 solvency over the 75 year window as follows:
- (1) The legislation must modify the Primary Insurance Amount formula starting in 2013 to smoothly phase down so that starting with workers born after 1985, it will reach a flat benefit of \$1,200 in 2012 dollars indexed between 2012 and the year

in question by the increase in average wages.

- (2) Effective 2013, reduce benefits on a progressive basis for single beneficiaries with incomes over \$55,000 and married couples with incomes over \$110,000 so that individuals and married couples who file taxes jointly, with more than \$110,000 and \$165,000, respectively, in non-Social Security income will receive no benefit.
 - (3) From 2013 to 2022, the normal retirement age will rise to 68 for workers born in or after 1959. After 2031, the normal retirement age will be indexed to longevity, adding about 1 month every 2 years according to current projections.
 - (4) The normal retirement age will be increased by 4 months per year starting with individuals born in 1954 and stopping when it reaches age 68 for individuals born in or after 1959.

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- 1 (5) From 2013 to 2031, the early retirement age rises to 65 for workers born in or after 1964. 2 3 After 2031, the early retirement age will be indexed to longevity, adding about 1 month every 2 years ac-5 cording to current projections. 6 (6) The early eligibility age will be increased by 7 3 months per year starting with individuals born in 8 1953 and stopping when it reaches age 65 for indi-9 viduals born in or after 1964. 10 SEC. 502. POLICY STATEMENT ON MEDICARE. 11 It is the policy of this concurrent resolution that Con-12 gress and the relevant committees of jurisdiction enact legislation to ensure a reduction in the unfunded liabilities 14 of Medicare as follows: 15 (1) In 2017, Medicare is reformed to provide a 16 premium support payment and a selection of guar-17 anteed health coverage options from which recipients 18 can choose a plan that best suits their needs over-19 seen by a separate independent agency. 20
 - (2) Preserves the traditional Medicare FFS option administered by HHS.
- 22 (3) For each region, the base Federal premium 23 support would be initially set at 88 percent of the 24 average of 3 lowest bids.

1	(4) Provides for enhanced risk adjustment to
2	ensure continuity in coverage and market stability.
3	(5) Raises the age of eligibility gradually over
4	10 years, increasing from 65 to 68, resulting in a
5	3.6 month increase per year and subsequently in-
6	creased or decreased based on longevity.
7	(6) The Federal based premium support
8	amount would be reduced or phase out for upper in-
9	come seniors and increased for lower income seniors.
10	SEC. 503. POLICY STATEMENT ON MEDICAID.
11	It is the policy of this concurrent resolution that Con-
12	gress and the relevant committees of jurisdiction enact
13	legislation to ensure fiscal sustainability at the Federal
14	level while protecting the most vulnerable and promoting
15	beneficiary independence as follows:
16	(1) Medicaid is reformed to provide direct Fed-
17	eral premium support for low-income, nondisabled,
18	nonelderly individuals.
19	(2) The Federal Government would provide at
20	least \$2,000 for an individual and at least \$3,500 in
21	premium support for a family and up to \$9,000 for
22	the lowest income families.
23	(3) Current Federal Medicaid funding for acute
24	and long-term care services provided to the disabled
25	and elderly (dual eligibles) would be converted into

- a fixed payment to the States adjusted on a per capita basis for medical inflation.
- 3 (4) States would be permitted to design and 4 manage more appropriate care and service delivery 5 to the disabled and elderly populations remaining in 6 the program.

7 SEC. 504. POLICY STATEMENT ON TAX REFORM.

- 8 It is the policy of this concurrent resolution that Congress and the relevant committees of jurisdiction shall 10 enact legislation to ensure the adoption of a new tax system that replaces all existing taxes collected by the Fed-11 12 eral Government including but not limited to income, payroll, gift and estate taxes, and excises except those dedicated to specific Trust Funds, with a new flat tax fea-14 15 turing a consumed-income tax base structure that is economically neutral with respect to saving and investment, 16 reduces tax complexity, and provides for a globally com-18 petitive single tax rate as follows:
 - (1) The new tax will have a single flat tax rate consistent with and sufficient to collect the annual revenue levels specified herein. The individual tax code shall include no deductions, exemptions, exclusions, or credits except as follows:

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1	(A) A deduction for charitable contribu-
2	tions to institutions qualifying as charitable or-
3	ganizations under current law.
4	(B) An elective deduction for home mort-
5	gage interest subject to the condition that if
6	and only if the borrow elects the deduction the
7	lender would then owe tax on all resulting in-
8	come.
9	(C) A deduction for higher education tui-
10	tion and fees.
11	(D) A standard deduction for seniors equal
12	to the sum of the flat Social Security benefit
13	amount plus the value of the Medicare defined
14	contributions.
15	(E) An exclusion for seniors of up to
16	\$10,000 in wage and salary income.
17	(F) The current law Earned Income Cred-
18	it.
19	(G) A $\$3,500$ nonrefundable tax credit for
20	families (\$2,000 for individuals) to purchase
21	health insurance. The new individual tax would
22	tax all income and other proceeds used for con-
23	sumption and exclude all saving.
24	(2) The business tax code shall apply the same
25	rate as the individual tax code, and shall levy tax on

- total revenue from the domestic sale of goods and
 services less purchases of goods and services from
 other firms less wages, salaries, and related employee costs. All credits currently applicable to business income would be repealed except the Alternative
 Simplified Credit for research and development expenditures.
- 8 (3) Individuals and businesses would be subject
 9 to taxation solely on income generated within the
 10 United States. A border tax adjustment system
 11 would be developed in consultation with the World
 12 Trade Organization to neutralize tax differences for
 13 goods and services entering and leaving the United
 14 States proper.
 - (4) Tax reform shall be enacted with due care through transition provisions to avoid insofar as possible retroactive tax increases or decreases arising from the accrued tax consequences of decisions made under current tax law.
- 20 SEC. 505. POLICY STATEMENT ON GOVERNMENT ASSET
- 21 SALES.

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- 22 (a) FINDINGS.—The Senate finds the following:
- 23 (1) The Federal Government owns and controls 24 vast assets, including huge swaths of commercial 25 land, especially in the West; power generation facili-

- ties; valuable portions of the electromagnetic spectrum; underutilized buildings; and financial assets.
- 3 (2) Control of these numerous and varied assets 4 is 1 key expression of a government much too large 5 and intrusive.
- 6 (3) Given the Federal Government's excessive 7 spending, which has driven trillion-dollar-plus defi-8 cits for 4 straight years, and generated debt burdens 9 that are stifling present-day economic growth and 10 threatening the Nation's future prosperity.
- 11 (4) Divesting itself of these assets would make 12 an important contribution to reducing Government's 13 debt and interest costs.
- 14 (b) Policy on Asset Sales.—It is the policy of this
 15 budget resolution that the House and Senate shall each
 16 develop a package of asset sales and transfers of govern17 ment activities to the private sector. These proposals,
 18 which are to yield revenues or savings of at least
 19 \$260,000,000,000 through fiscal year 2028, shall be sub20 mitted to the respective chambers for enactment in fiscal
- 22 (c) Assumptions Regarding Asset Sales.—The 23 assets in the package must include, though not be limited 24 to, the following:

year 2013.

1	(1) Land administered by the Bureau of Land
2	Management and the Department of Agriculture.
3	(2) Federal buildings and other real estate.
4	(3) Mineral rights.
5	(4) Electromagnetic spectrum.
6	(5) Facilities administered by the Power Mar-
7	keting Administrations and by the Tennessee Valley
8	Authority.
9	(6) Federal loans and other financial assets.
10	(7) Amtrak.
11	(d) Assumptions Regarding Transfer of Gov-
12	ERNMENT ACTIVITIES.—Transfers of government activi-
13	ties to the private must include, though not be limited to,
14	the following:
15	(1) The Neighborhood Reinvestment Corpora-
16	tion.
17	(2) The Government Printing Office.
18	(3) The Architect of the Capitol.
19	(4) The Bureau of Reclamation.
20	SEC. 506. POLICY ON REPEALING OBAMACARE.
21	(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate finds the following:
22	(1) The quality of United States health care, as
23	well as the stability of the nation's economy and the
24	Federal budget, depend on solving the genuine cost
25	and delivery challenges in the health sector.

- 1 (2) But the pervasive government intrusiveness 2 and \$1,390,000,000,000 cost of Obamacare are pre-3 cisely the wrong prescription for problems that have 4 developed grown from faulty government policy, par-5 ticularly on the part of the Federal Government.
 - (3) Obamacare will generate fewer choices, less access, and greater dependence on the Government for health care, while increasing taxes, regulation and mandates on individuals and businesses.
 - (4) A majority of Americans continue to oppose this one-size-fits-all "remedy," a Government takeover of one sixth of the economy that was rammed through Congress despite a clear lack of consensus.
- through Congress despite a clear lack of consensus.

 (b) POLICY ON OBAMACARE.—It is the policy of this
 budget resolution that Congress should repeal Obamacare
 and develop a fresh strategy built on a patient-centered,
 market-based solution.

18 TITLE VI—SENSE OF CONGRESS

19 SEC. 601. REGULATORY REFORM.

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- It is the policy of this concurrent resolution that Con-21 gress and the relevant committees of jurisdiction enact
- 22 legislation to ensure a regulatory reform as follows:
- 23 (1) Apply regulatory analysis require-
- 24 MENTS TO INDEPENDENT AGENCIES.—It shall be
- 25 the policy of Congress to pass into law a require-

- ment for independent agencies to abide by the same regulatory analysis requirement as those required by executive branch agencies.
 - (2) Adopt the regulations from the executive in Need of Scrutiny act (reins).—It shall be the policy of Congress to vote on the Regulation from the Executive In Need of Scrutiny Act, legislation that would require all regulations that impose a burden greater than \$100 million in economic aggregate may not be implemented as law unless Congress gives their consent by voting on the rule.
 - (3) Sunset all regulations.—It shall be the policy of Congress that regulations imposed by the Federal Government shall automatically sunset every 2 years unless repromulgated by Congress.
 - (4) Process reform.—It shall be the policy of Congress to implement regulatory process reform by instituting statutorily required regulatory impact analysis for all agencies, require the publication of regulatory impact analysis before the regulation is finalized, and ensure that not only are regulatory impact analysis conducted, but applied to the issued regulation or rulemaking.
 - (5) Incorporation of formal rulemaking for major rules.—It shall be the policy of Con-

1	gress to apply formal rulemaking procedures to all
2	major regulations or those regulations that exceed
3	\$100,000,000 in aggregate economic costs.
4	SEC. 602. RESCIND UNSPENT OR UNOBLIGATED BALANCES
5	AFTER 36 MONTHS.
6	It is the sense of Congress that—
7	(1) any adjustments of allocations and aggre-
8	gates made pursuant to this resolution shall require
9	that any unobligated or unspent allocations be re-
10	scinded after 36 months;
11	(2) revised allocations and aggregates resulting
12	from these adjustments resulting from the required
13	rescissions shall be considered for the purposes of
14	the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as allocations
15	and aggregates contained in this resolution; and
16	(3) for purposes of this resolution the levels of
17	new budget authority, outlays, direct spending, new
18	entitlement authority, revenues, deficits, and sur-
19	pluses for a fiscal year or period of fiscal years shall
20	be determined on the basis of estimates made by the
21	Committee on the Budget of the Senate.

Calendar No. 395

112TH CONGRESS S. CON. RES. 44

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2013 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2014 through 2022.

MAY 8, 2012

Committee discharged pursuant to Section 300 of the Congressional Budget Act; placed on the calendar